Intel Do-It-Yourself Challenge Rebuild (with) Yocto

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Why ? Should I ?

Yocto?

Is Yocto a distribution ?

"Yocto is not an embedded Linux distribution it creates a custom one for you" https://www.yoctoproject.org/about

What's included ?

"Yocto provides templates, tools and methods to help you create custom Linux-based systems for embedded products regardless of the hardware architecture."



Rebuild (with) Yocto

Prepackaged images

Yocto for Galileo comes with several prepackaged images you can download and boot from using a microCD card. And you are free to install packages manually after booting the image on the Galileo.

Rebuild the OS

But what if you want to rebuild the full OS yourself? Perhaps you want to change what's installed by default, or change kernel parameters (may be required for some IO operations).

Even if you don't need it,

it's always nice to know you can. That's Linux !



Yocto output files

Rebuild Yocto vs build for Yocto

Yocto can be used in two different ways. After a short configuration phase, you will choose between generating a Linux file system file or the cross compile development environment (or toolchain).



And then, it will take up to 8 hours to compile output files, on a notebook (depending on system configuration and network connection speed).

On a Sandy bridge workstation, it lasts less than 2 hours.



You'll need

Board Support Package Sources for Intel Quark

An archive with all tools you need, available on Galileo drivers website.

https://communities.intel.com/docs/DOC-22226

Storage and internet bandwidth

Make sure you have 100Gb available on your hard drive. We'll also need a good internet connectivity.

CPU

If you would like to rebuild the full Yocto OS or generate the cross compile toolchain, it will take up to 8 hours on a workstation.



You'll need

Linux

We'll use Ubuntu 12.04

Packages

"sudo apt-get install **build-essential** sed wget cvs subversion git-core coreutils unzip texi2html texinfo libsdl1.2-dev docbook-utils gawk python-pysqlite2 diffstat help2man make gcc g++ desktop-file-utils chrpath libgl1mesa-dev libglu1-mesa-dev mercurial autoconf automake groff libtool xterm p7zip-full bitbake"



Rebuilding (with) Yocto

Procedure (1/5)

Uncompress 7z x Board_Support_Package_Sources*.7z

Rename your BSP folder with a shorter name mv Board_Support_Package_*** BSP_Galileo

Unpack tar xvzf meta-clanton_*.tar.gz

Go to the new Yocto home folder cd meta-clanton_...

Download, compile and set up Poky, a tool used by Yocto ./setup.sh source poky/oe-init-build-env yocto_build



Procedure (2/5)

Setting up Yocto receipe

By default, Yocto is ready to compile a tiny Linux image or cross compile toolchain. But, we want to compile, debug and use libraries.

Asking for a full configuration:

Edit the conf/local.conf file.

Change "clanton-tiny" to "clanton-full".

Set BB_NUMBER_THREADS and PARALLEL_THREADS to "number of cores your processor has multiply by 3". Save the file.

Software

Procedure (3/5)

Disable uClibc

It will disable uClibc, and replace it by EGlibC, which have more features and is commonly used under Linux.

Edit "../meta-clanton-distro/recipesmultimedia/v4l2apps/v4l-utils_0.8.8.bbappend"

Comment these 3 lines: #FILESEXTRAPATHS_prepend := "\${THISDIR}/files:" #SRC_URI += file://uclibc-enable.patch #DEPENDS += "libiconv"



Procedure (4/5)

Get a default config

Copy the full image configuration from a sample: cp ../meta-clanton-distro/recipes-core/images/image-full.bb ../meta-clantondistro/recipes-core/images/image-sdk.bb

Edit the default config

These options are set up for generating the associated Linux image later. You can (un)comment features you do (not) want. The image size will be 3GB.

Edit ../meta-clanton-distro/recipes-core/images/image-sdk.bb :

IMAGE_INSTALL = "packagegroup-core-boot \${ROOTFS_PKGMANAGE_BOOTSTRAP} \${CORE_IMAGE_EXTRA_INSTALL} packagegroup-core-basic packagegroup-core-lsb kernel-dev"

IMAGE_FEATURES + = "package-management tools-sdk dev-pkgs tools-debug eclipse-debug tools-profile tools-testapps debug-tweaks"



IMAGE_ROOTFS_SIZE = "3072000"

Procedure (5/5)

Last details

To have a Linux system that can support full Galileo connectivity (pins, pwm...), you have to apply the following patch: Edit *../meta-clanton-bsp/recipes-kernel/linux/files/clanton.patch* +static unsigned int i2c_std_mode = 1; This is line #10722. By default, this variable is not initialized. You set it to 1.

Configure kernel features

bitbake linux-yocto-clanton -c menuconfig

Launch the incredible machine

It will compile the cross compile toolchain. This is the step that will take a while.... bitbake image-sdk



How to use Linux image

How to use Linux image files

Get Yocto output files

Files you generated are in: yocto_build/tmp/deploy/images.

Deploy on your microSD card

Copy the following files and folder on a SD card:

- bzImage-*
- core-image-minimal-initramfs-*

- image-*
- boot folder

Insert the SD card in Galileo board slot

Then, boot it! Ethernet configuration is automatic. Keep your Board Support folder if you plan to generate other output files with Yocto.



- On malitov.com, Sergey's blog explains how to add multiple image on the SD card (that could be use useful).
- If you run bitbake via remote access, you will have the following error:

ERROR: No valid terminal found, unable to open devshell

Try to connect to your machine with ssh –X to enable X forwarding.

If it doesn't work, don't use '-c menuconfig' attribute. (you won't be able to customize the kernel using the config menu).

If do_compile Node JS can fail with the following error:

Make[1]: Execvp: printf: Argument list too long

To solve this problem, be sure 'pwd' command prints less than 50 characters in your shell when you are in yocto-build folder.



- You can edit and customize the Linux file system before booting on the board.

To do so, insert the SD card in your computer and run the following command:

Sudo mount –o loop –t ext3 /media/yoursdcard/image-fullclanton.ext3 /mnt

You can now access the card sysfs as if you were running it.

It's very useful to edit the Ethernet configuration to use a static IP or to copy a new Wifi driver...

See next slide to set up Wifi with this full image.



- The full Linux image contains the connection manager, which is tool to manage wifi, ethernet and bluetooth connection.
- It allows only one established connection by default. When it's available Wifi is default. Otherwise, Ethernet is used.
- However, you can use both with the command >ifup eth0.
- We recommand to configure your router to associate a static IP address for your board (one for each technology).
- Follow next slide procedure to install the previously described behaviour.



- To set up Wifi access to a WPA-secured hotspot:
- >connmanctl
- >enable wifi
- >scan wifi
- >services (copy/paste your access point ID wifi_***_psk)
- >exit
- >cat << EOF > /var/lib/connman/wifi.config
- [service_wifi_***********_managed_psk]
- Type = wifi



- >Security = wpa
- >Name = ESSID
- >Passphrase = WPA_KEY
- >EOF
- Reboot the board
- other ways to do it are:
- >/etc/init.d/connman restart
- OR
- >connmanctl
- >connect wifi_************_managed_psk
- OR ifup wlan0



External links

- <u>http://ph0b.com/adding-dev-tools-gcc-make-</u> <u>to-galileo-sd-image/</u>
- <u>http://www.malinov.com/Home/sergey-s-blog</u>
- <u>http://www.cnx-</u> <u>software.com/2012/02/09/yocto-project-</u> <u>quick-start-guide-for-ubuntu/</u>





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